

Progress in validation of PDFs and the high-twist terms in deep-inelastic scattering

(S.Alekhin, IHEP, Protvino)

in collaboration with

S.Kulagin (INR, Moscow)

R.Petti (CERN & South Carolina U.)

Uncertainty in the extraction of the Weinberg angle sine (s_W) due to PDFs

(Kulagin 03)

$$R^- = \frac{\sigma_{\text{NC}}^\nu - \sigma_{\text{NC}}^{\bar{\nu}}}{\sigma_{\text{CC}}^\nu - \sigma_{\text{CC}}^{\bar{\nu}}} \approx \frac{1}{2} - s_W^2 + \delta R_{\text{tot}}^-$$

$$\delta R_{\text{tot}}^- = \left(\frac{x_1^-}{x_0^-} \right)_A \left(1 - \frac{7}{3} s_W^2 + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_S) \right) \approx \frac{Z - N}{A} \left(\frac{x_1^-}{x_0^-} \right)_p \left(1 - \frac{7}{3} s_W^2 \right)$$

$$x_{0,1}^- = \int dx x(u_{\text{val}} \pm d_{\text{val}})$$

For the iron target magnitude of δR^- is about 10 times the error in the NuTeV measurement of R^- , hence the uncertainty in $(x_1^-/x_0^-)_p$ must be $\ll 10\%$ ($\ll 0.04$ by absolute value).

PDFs	$(x_1^-/x_0^-)_p$
CTEQ6(NLO)	0.42 ± 0.03
MRST01(NLO)	0.43 ± 0.02
A02M(NNLO)	0.43 ± 0.03

The ways to improve the A02M determination of $(x_1^- / x_0^-)_p$

- **add the fixed-target Drell-Yan data** – better separation of the sea and valence quarks distributions and hence better determination of both.
- **add low- Q charged-leptons data** – good statistical significance of the data at low Q ; *validation of the operator product expansion at small Q and control of uncertainties due to the high-twist contributions (particularly important for NOMAD with $\langle Q^2 \rangle \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$).*

Theoretical input of the NNLO QCD fit

- The PDFs are evolved using three-loop, $O(\alpha_s^3)$, splitting functions in the \overline{MS} scheme.
- The DIS structure functions are calculated using OPE

$$F_{2,T}(x, Q) = F_{2,T}^{\text{LT}}(x, Q) + \frac{H_{2,T}^{(2)}(x)}{Q^2} + \left(\frac{H_{2,T}^{(4)}(x)}{Q^4} \right)$$

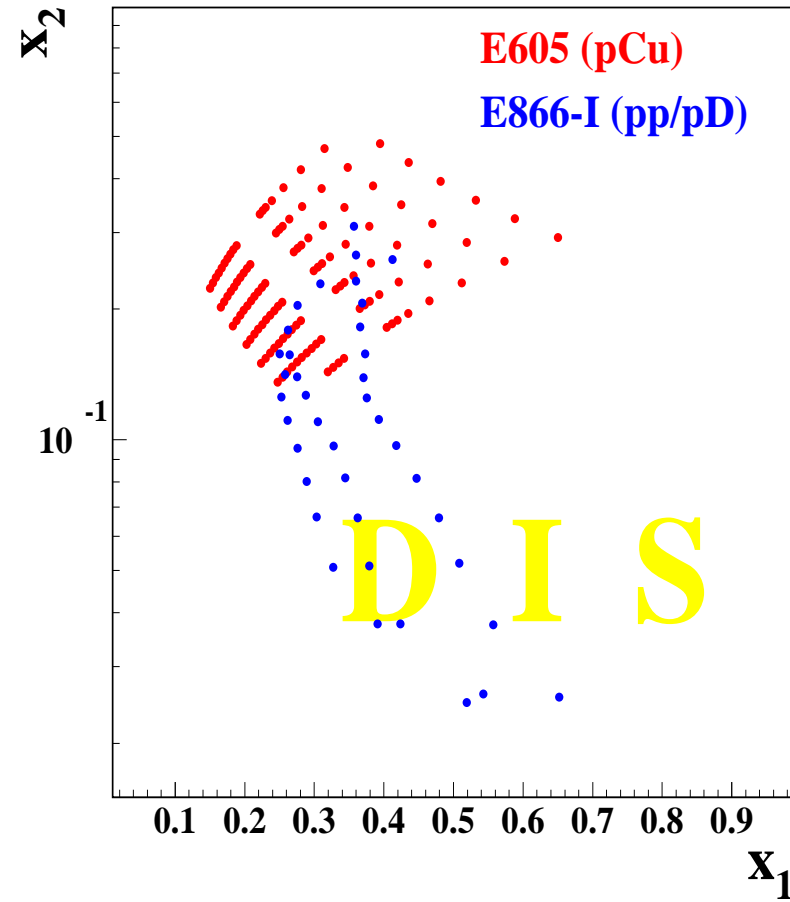
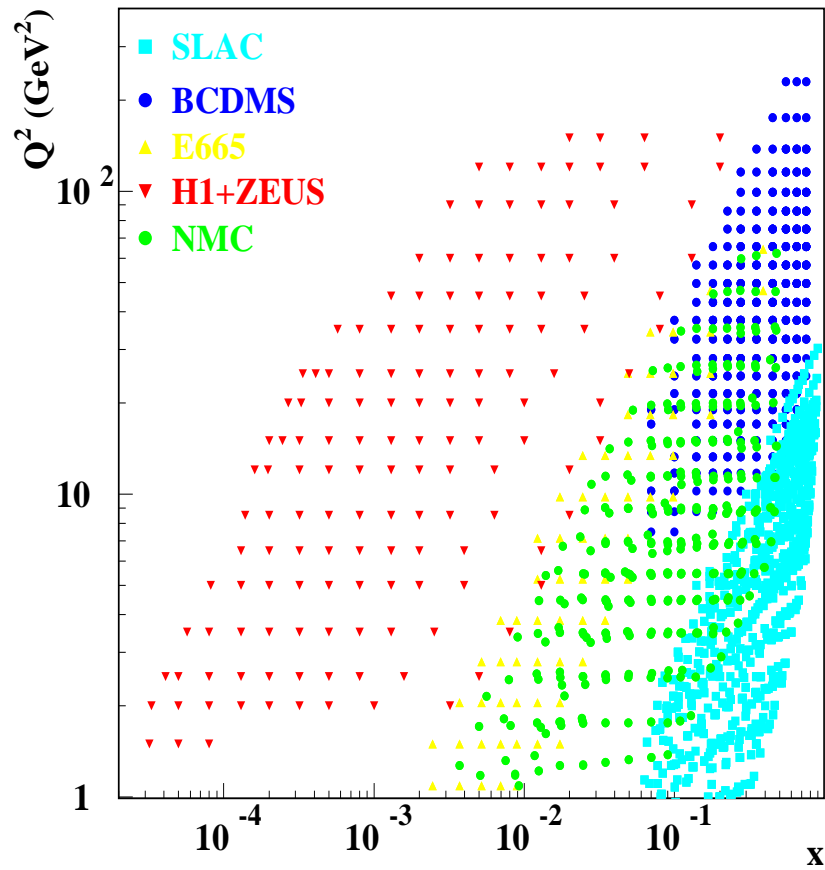
The leading-twist terms (entirely dominant at $Q^2 \gtrsim 10 \text{ GeV}^2$) are calculated with the two-loop, $O(\alpha_s^2)$, coefficient functions for massless partons and with the one-loop, $O(\alpha_s^2)$, coefficient functions for the heavy quarks. The twist-4 terms (contributes at $Q^2 \lesssim 10 \text{ GeV}^2$) and the twist-6 terms (might contribute at $Q^2 \lesssim 3 \text{ GeV}^2$) – no QCD evolution.

- The Drell-Yan cross sections are calculated using the two-loop, $O(\alpha_s^2)$, coefficient functions.

Experimental input of the fit

DIS

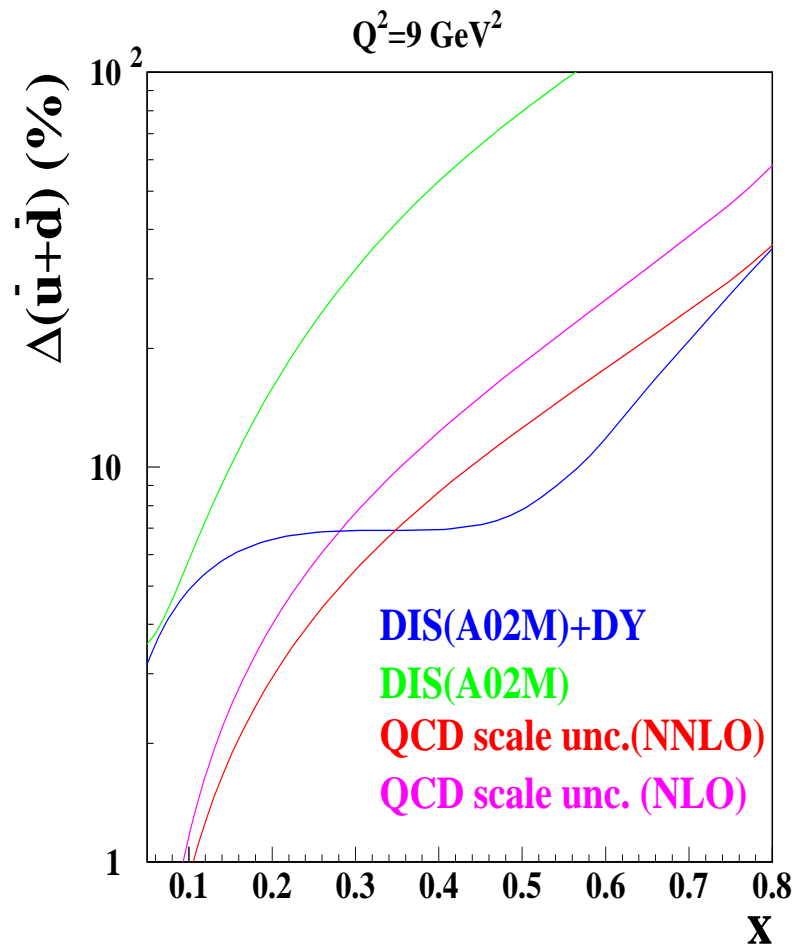
DY



JLAB data are not used

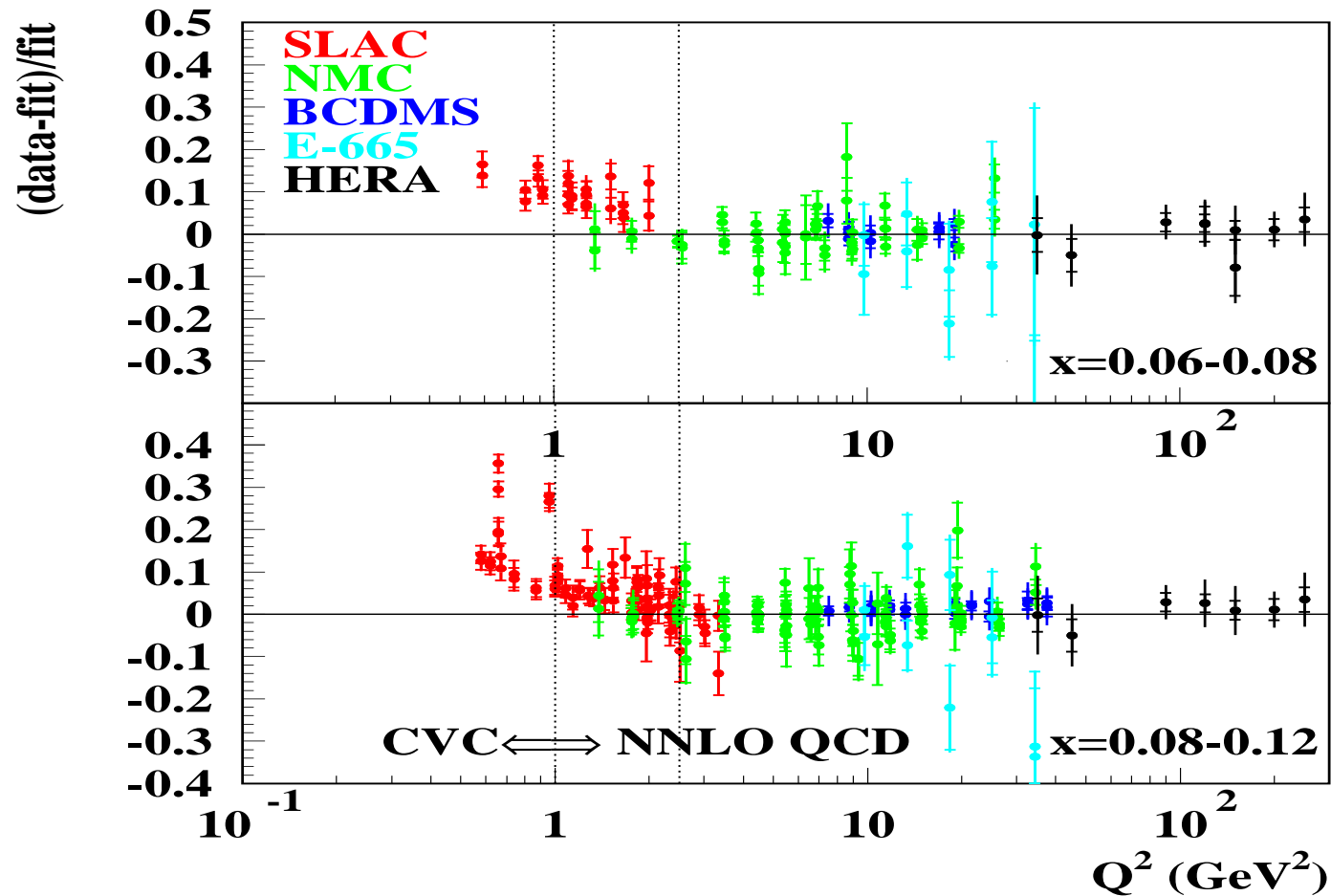
Impact of the DY data on the sea distribution

(sa-Melnikov-Petriello 06)



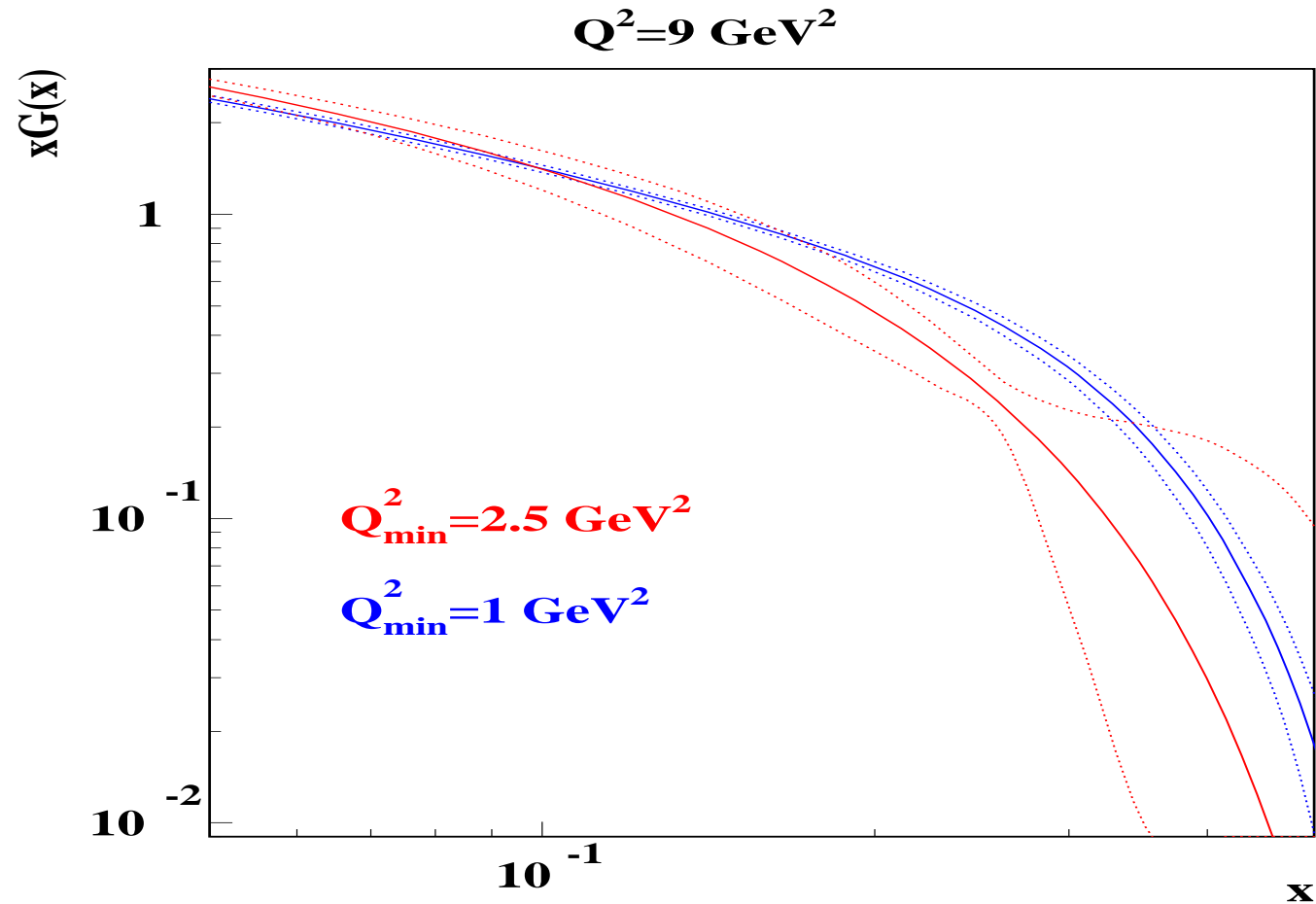
- Experimental errors in the sea is $< 20 \%$ at $x \lesssim 0.7$.
- The errors in PDFs due to variation of the DY scales are comparable to the experimental ones (*the NNLO corrections are crucial at this point*).
- The error in $(x_1^- / x_0^-)_p$ goes from 0.03 for A02M to 0.01 for A02M with the DY data included.

Extrapolation of the fit to $Q_{\text{DIS}}^2 < 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$



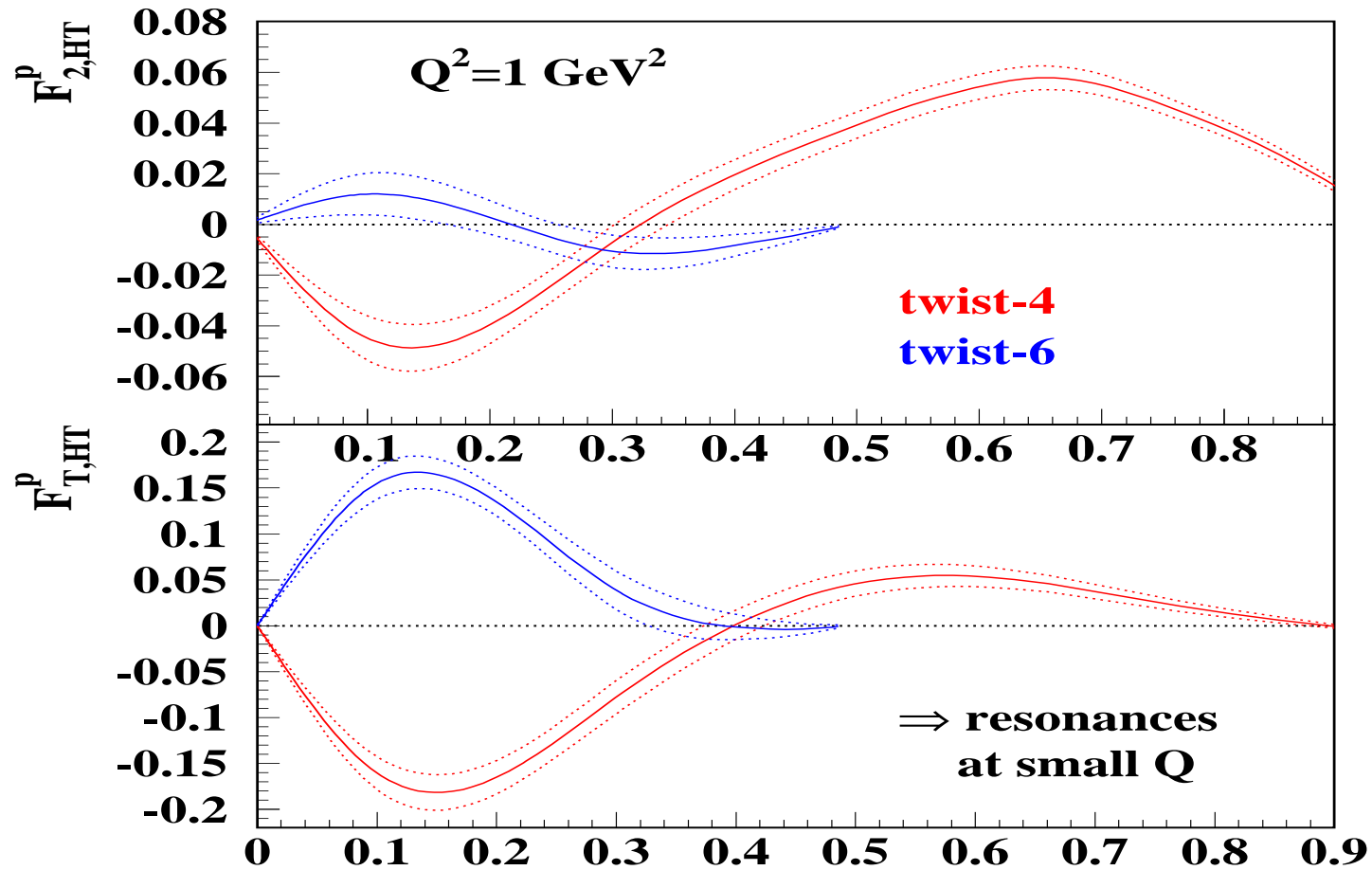
Extrapolation of the high- Q fit to $Q \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$ does not work.

Gluons in the low- Q DIS fit



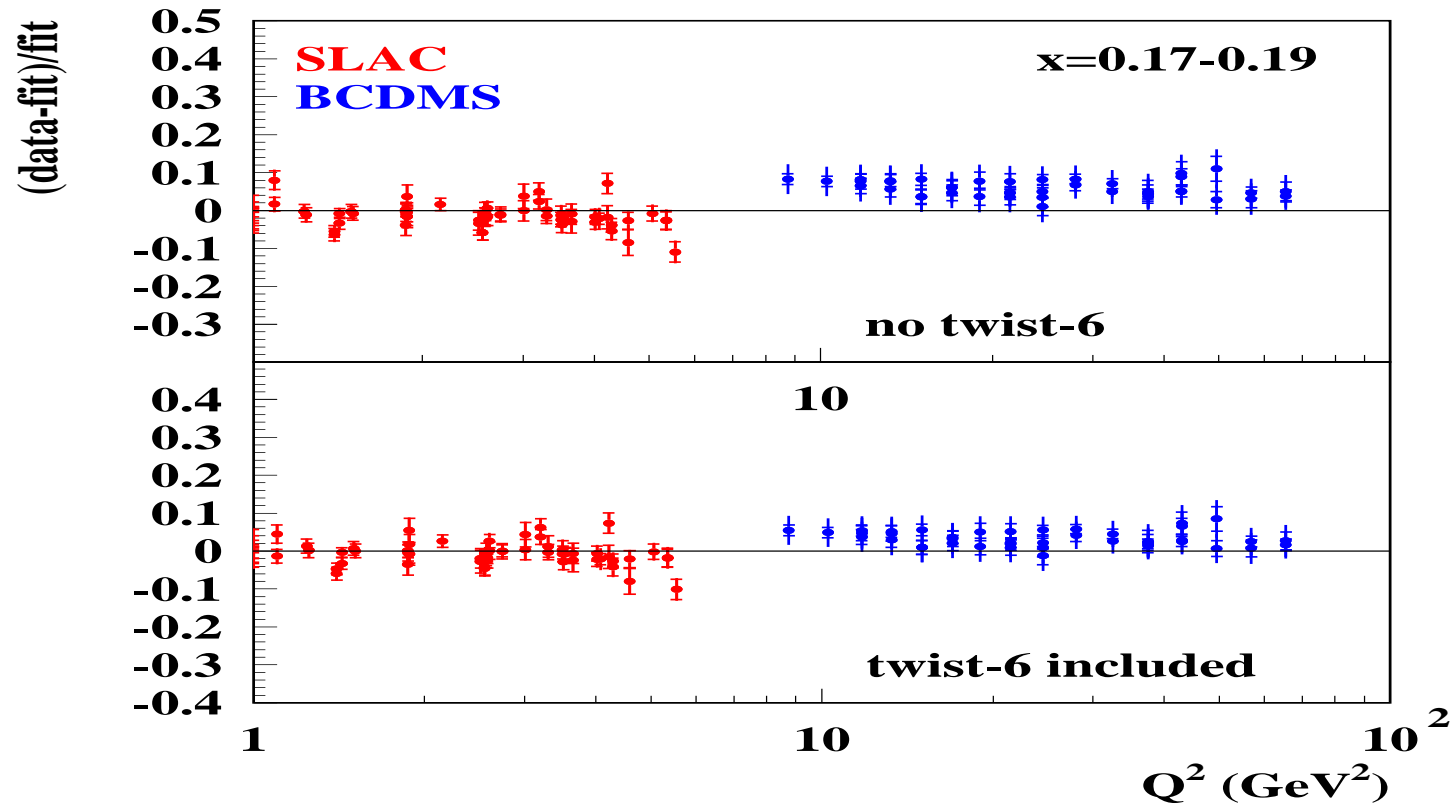
The change in $G(x)$ due to the low- Q data looks unnatural.

High-twist terms in the fit with $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

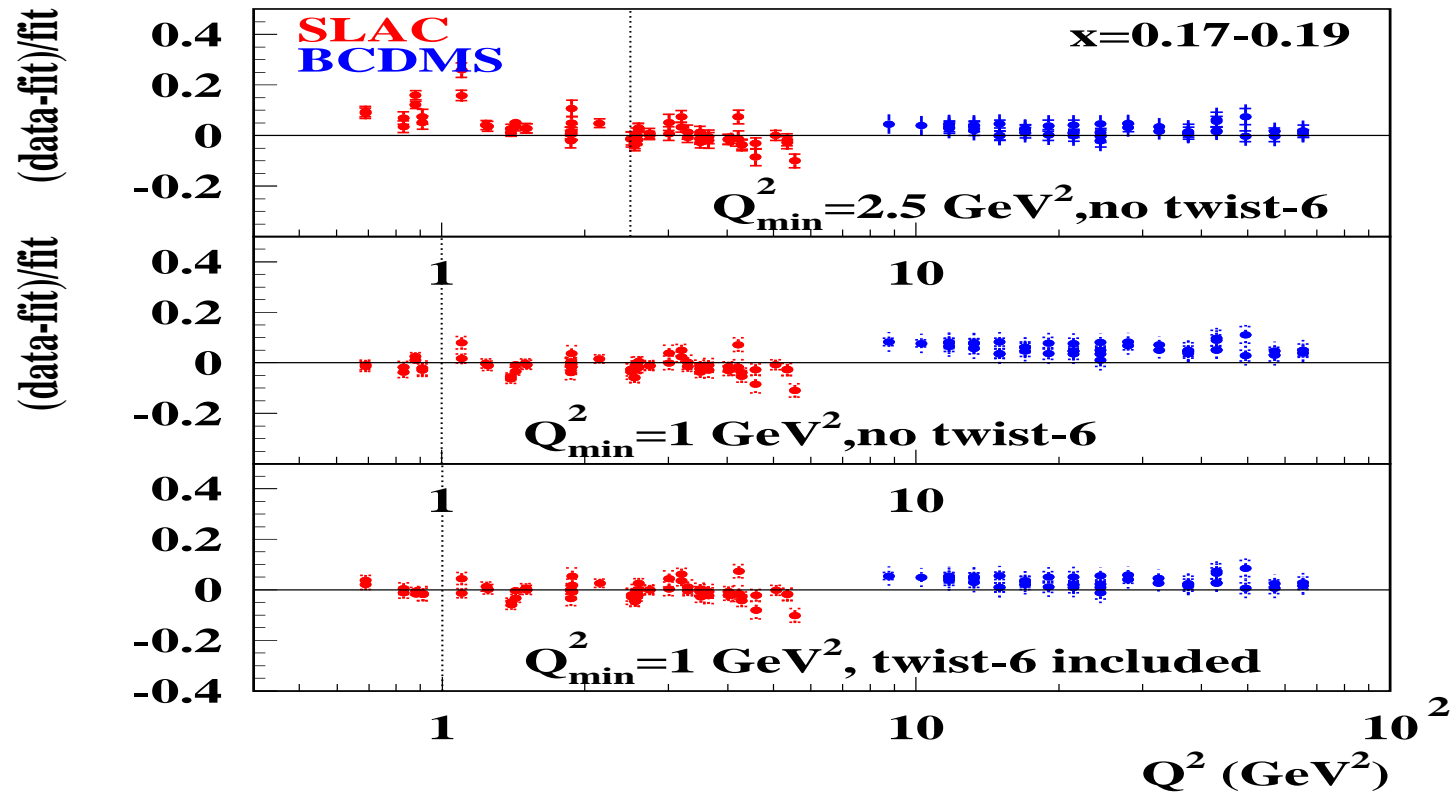


The twist-6 terms in F_T demonstrate strange behavior.

Impact of the twist-6 terms on pulls of the fit



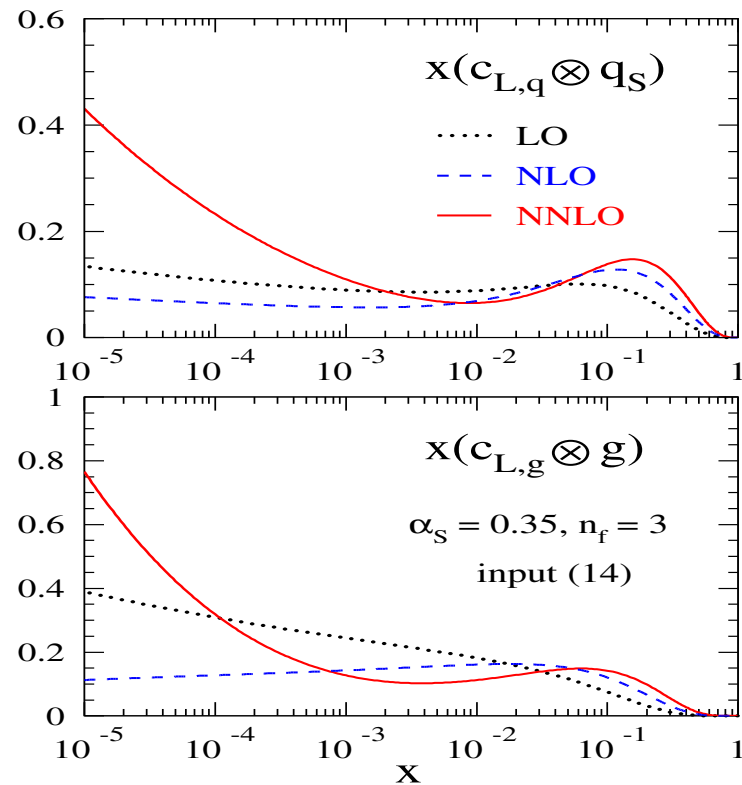
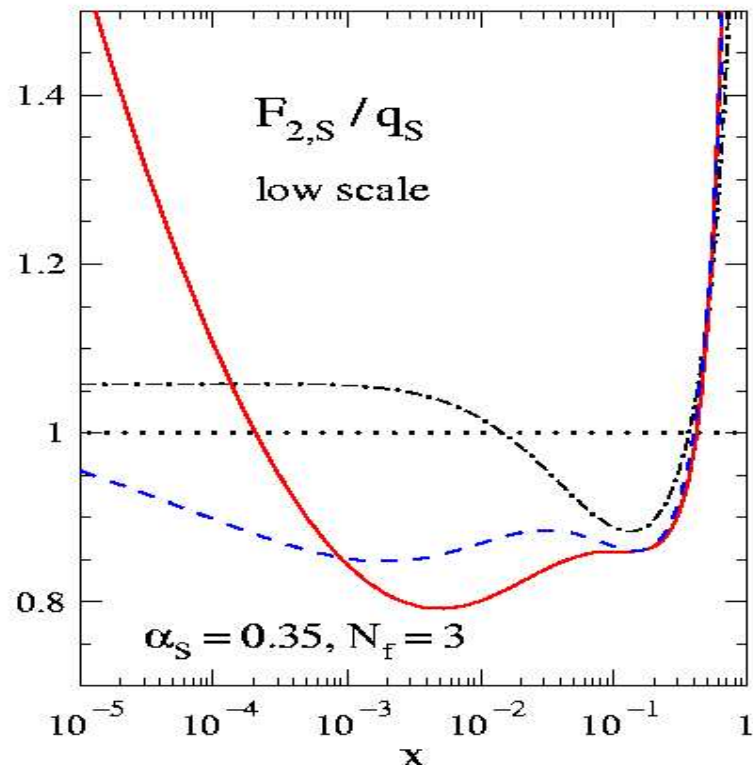
The origin of twist-6 terms is rather due to mismatch of the SLAC and BCDMS data at $Q^2 = 5 \div 10$ GeV².



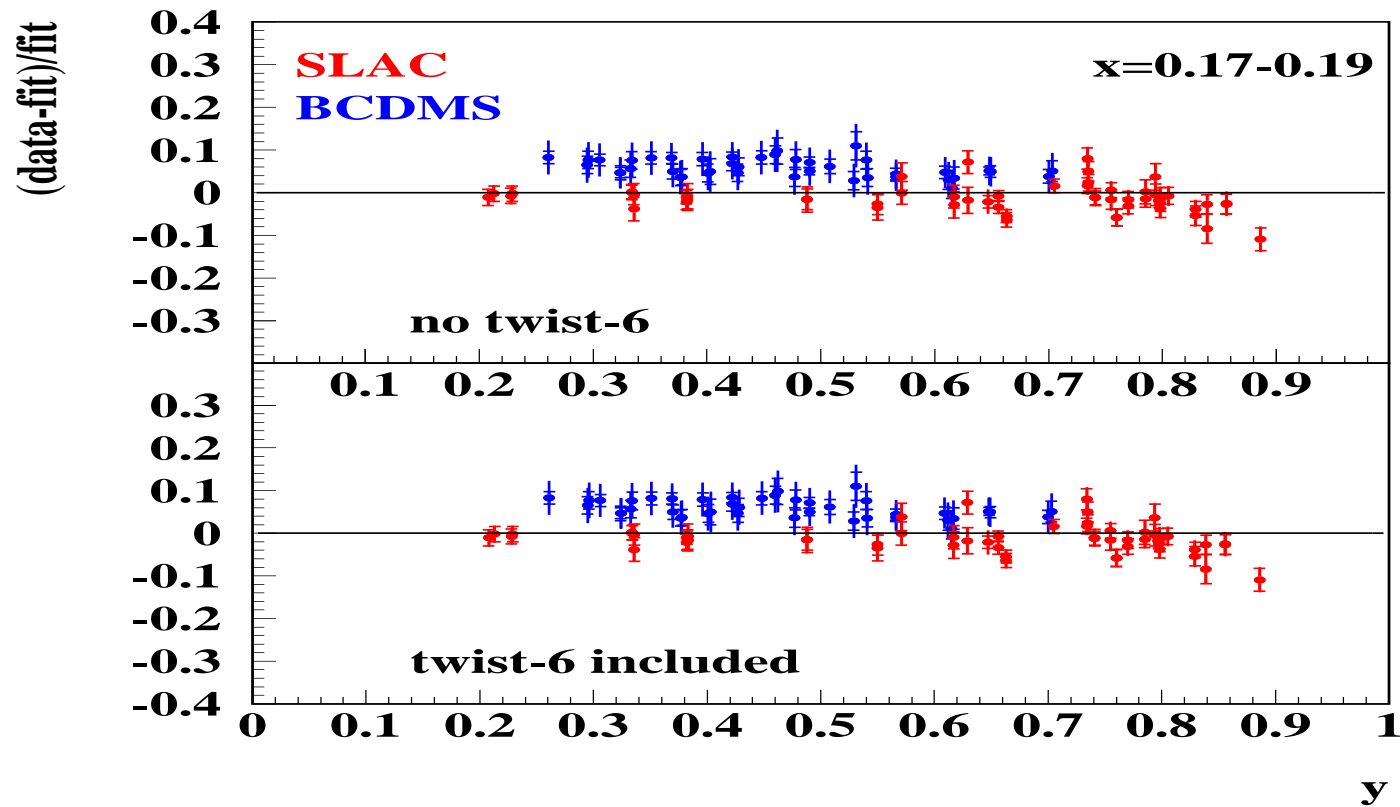
Details of the SLAC/BCDMS matching depends on the Q -cut.

The $O(\alpha_s^3)$ corrections to the DIS coefficient functions

(Moch-Vermaseren-Vogt 04-05)

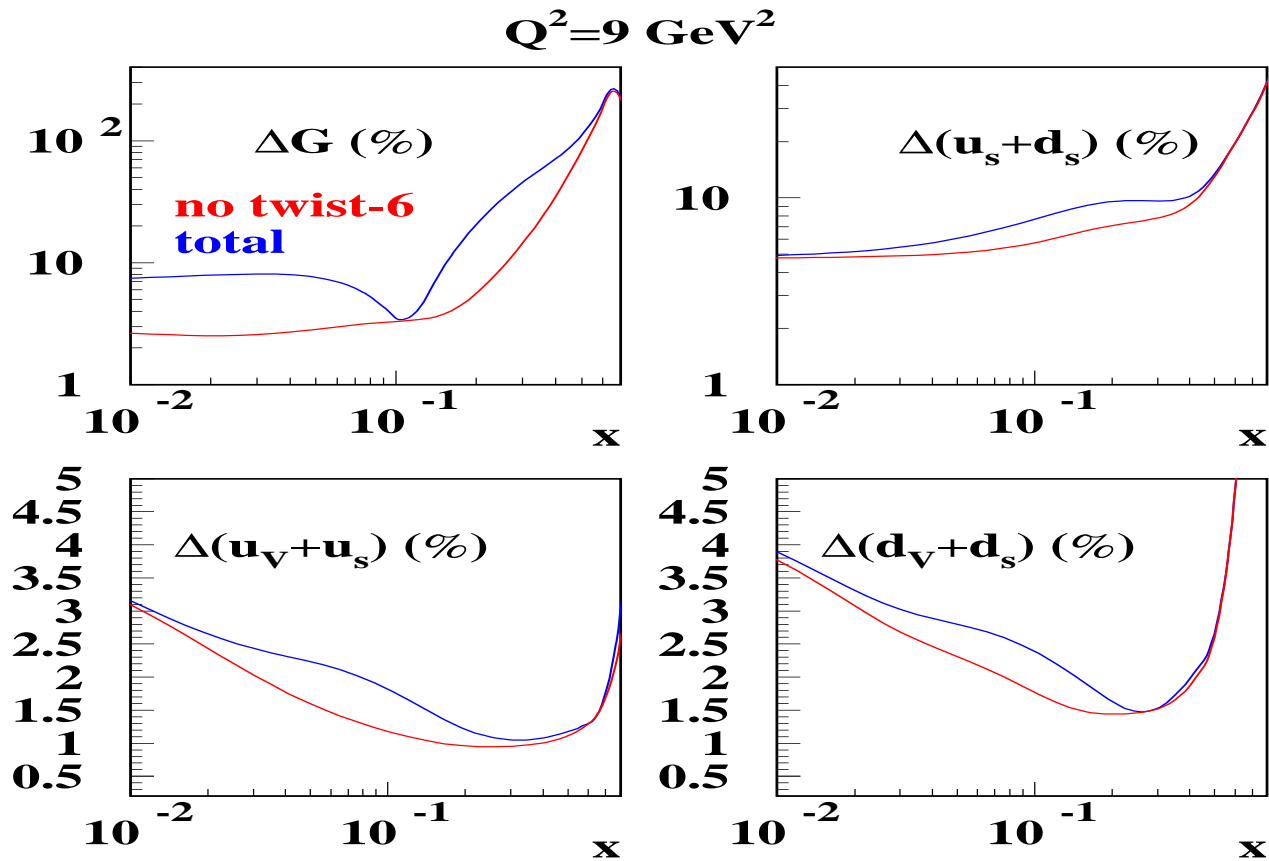


This correction doesn't change fitted twist-6 terms



The electro-weak corrections seems not to be responsible for the SLAC/BCDMS discrepancy too.

The twist-6 uncertainty and the PDFs errors



The uncertainty due to twist 6 is half of difference between the results of fits with/without twist-6 included.

Results and outlook

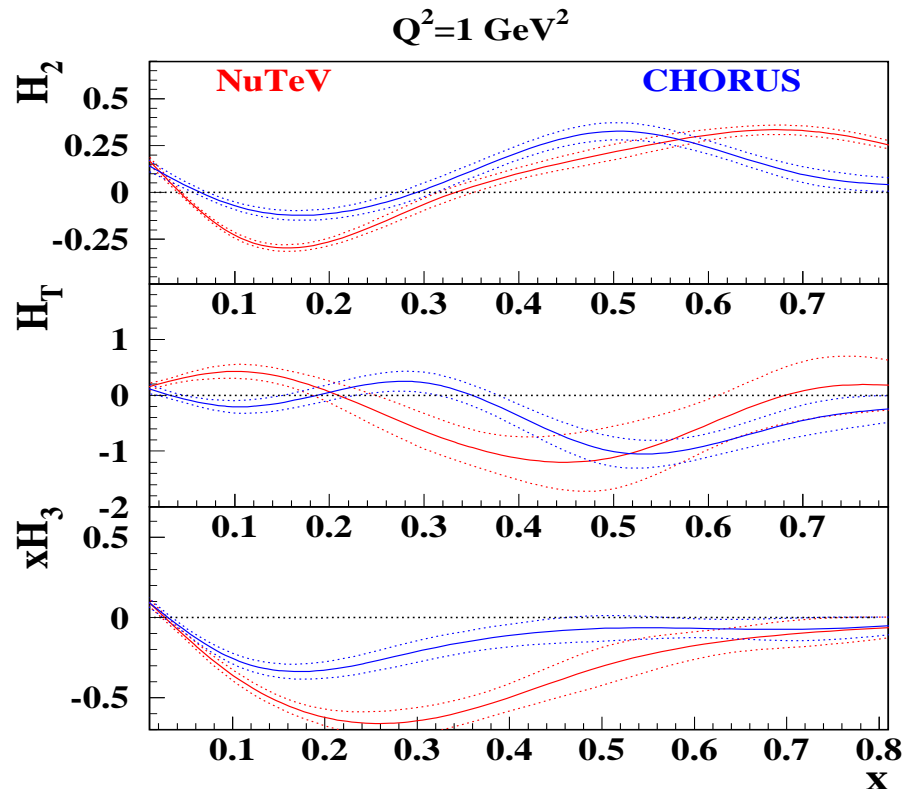
PDFs	$(x_1^- / x_0^-)_p$
CTEQ6(NLO)	0.42 ± 0.03
MRST01(NLO)	0.43 ± 0.02
A02M(NNLO)	0.43 ± 0.03
AKP06(NNLO)	$0.4268 \pm 0.0056 \pm 0.0026(\text{tw6})$

Factor of 5 improvement in the uncertainty of $(x_1^- / x_0^-)_p$
Uncertainty in the strange sea must be re-assessed in view of the recent NuTeV dimuon data.

	$\alpha_s(M_Z)$
A02M(NNLO)	0.11280 ± 0.00150
AKP06(NNLO)	$0.11102 \pm 0.00078 \pm 0.00170(\text{tw6})$

The error in α_s has not been improved.

Status of the inclusive νN data and fits with $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$



- the PDFs from the DIS+DY fit
- the nuclear corrections by Kulagin-Petti
- the EW corrections by Arbuzov-Bardin

$$\chi^2/NDP=1451/1144=1.27 \text{ (CHORUS)}, \quad 2768/2618=1.06 \text{ (NuTeV)}$$

Summary

- Tuning of PDFs has been basically finished; the only missing point is validation of the strange sea.
- The values of high-twist terms in the νN DIS are still unclear, mainly due to the contradiction between the CHORUS and NuTeV data interplayed with the nuclear effects (talk by Sergey K.).